

Material for seismic bracing of cable trays



Overview

The seismic performance of a cable tray system depends just as much on the building connection as on the tray itself.

Key Takeaways

Seismic bracing of cable trays typically requires high-strength steel strut channels, clamps, connectors, and anchors designed to resist both tension and compression forces, with material selection guided by local codes, tray type, and cable load. Key Material Components



1. **Strut Channels and Braces** Seismic bracing systems commonly use high-strength steel strut channels to form the primary load path from the cable tray to the building structure. These channels must be capable of resisting both tensile and compressive forces during seismic events and are often galvanized or coated to prevent corrosion in industrial or outdoor environments .

2. **Clamps and Connectors** Braces are connected to trays and structural elements using steel clamps, bolts, and proprietary connectors. These components must be rated for the expected seismic load and compatible with the tray type (ladder, perforated, trough, or wire mesh). Proper splice reinforcement is critical, as splice joints are common weak points under cyclic seismic movement .

3. **Anchors and Fasteners** Anchors transfer seismic forces from the brace to the building structure. Expansion anchors, chemical anchors, or welded connections are selected based on the substrate (concrete, steel, or masonry) and the calculated seismic load. Each anchor must be capable of resisting the maximum expected lateral and vertical forces without pullout or failure .

4. **Tray Interfaces** The interface between the tray and the brace must maintain cable retention during seismic events. Materials for tray interfaces include steel brackets or reinforced tray side rails, ensuring that cables remain contained and the tray does not deform or spill its contents .

Design Considerations

- **Tray Type and Load:** Ladder trays are preferred for high-seismic applications due to their structural stiffness and efficient weight-to-strength ratio. Perforated or trough trays may be used if carefully evaluated for mass, support spacing, and retention performance .
- **Seismic Category:** Cable trays are classified according to seismic importance (e.g., Category I for critical systems). Material selection and brace spacing must comply with the project's seismic design category and local building codes .
- **Brace Configuration:** Rigid braces resist both tension and compression, while diagonal braces typically resist tension only. Two opposing braces are often required at each brace location for tension-only systems .
- **Differential Movement:** Flexible connectors or movement allowances may be required where trays cross seismic joints or connect structures with different stiffness .
- **Corrosion Protection:** Materials should be galvanized, stainless steel, or coated to ensure long-term durability, especially in humid or industrial environments .

Standards and References

- **IEC 61537:** Provides performance classification and test methods for cable trays, useful for verifying material suitability .
- **Local Building Codes:** Always confirm seismic design criteria, site acceleration data, and structural requirements before selecting materials .

- **Project-Specific Guidelines:** Owner or facility-specific standards (e.g., Bellcore GR-1275-CORE for telecom facilities) may dictate additional material or design requirements. By selecting high-strength steel components, properly rated anchors, and reinforced tray interfaces, and by following seismic design codes and project-specific criteria, cable tray systems can maintain structural integrity and cable retention during seismic events, ensuring safety and operational continuity.

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